

Behram Nazım Kurşunoğlu

14 March 1922 – 25 October 2003

Physicist, founder director of the Center for Theoretical Studies, University of Miami.

Born in: Bayburt, Aydıncık koyu, Turkey

Education MS and PhD degrees:

Ankara University, Edinburgh University, Cambridge University

Kurşunoğlu died on October 25, 2003 due to heart attack, shortly before that year's Coral Gables Conference.

Kurşunoğlu had been organizing this conference series since 1964.

Three children, İsmet, Sevil and Ayda, from his wife Sevda Arif.

He was best known for his works on unified field theory, energy and global issues. Moreover, he participated in the discovery of two different types of neutrinos in late 1950s.

Uni of Miami Center for Theoretical Studies was established in 1964 under the direction of Behram Kurşunoğlu, with guidance from J. Robert Oppenheimer and with the support of the University's President Henry King Stanford.

The purpose of the Center was to provide a forum for studies in theoretical physics and related fields, to be carried out by short term visitors, postdoctoral researchers, long term members of the Center, and various faculty of the University.

Among others, the long term resident members of the Center included Paul Dirac (1969–1972) and Lars Onsager (1972–

1976), while the affiliated faculty included Physics Professors Arnold Perlmutter and Kursunoglu.

Biography:

<http://www.tfv.org.tr/belgeler/behramKursunoglu.pdf>

https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Behram_Kur%C5%9Funo%C4%9Flu

https://www.aps.org/programs/honors/fellowships/archive-all.cfm?initial=&year=&unit_id=&institution=

<https://cgc.physics.miami.edu/2003CGC.html>